

WorldView-3

DATA

Featuring precision geo-location and simultaneous very high resolution superspectural imagery, the WorldView-3 satellite is the industry's elite when it comes to satellites. Operating at an expected altitude of 617 km, WorldView-3 provides 31 cm panchromatic resolution, 1.24 m multispectral resolution, 3.7 m short-wave infrared resolution, and 30 m CAVIS resolution. WorldView-3 has an average revisit time of <1 day and is capable of collecting up to 680,000 km² per day.

Utilzing the WorldView-3 satellite, European Space Imaging is capable of delivering very high resolution imagery options. We can currently offer our customers new and enhanced applications includding mapping, land classifications, soil/vegetative analysis and more. In addition, our customers have access to direct access tasking to ensure you get the right image every time and an archive library that spans more than 4,000,000,000 km².



Company Information

European Space Imaging is a leading supplier of global very high-resolution (VHR) satellite imagery and derived services to customers in Europe, North Africa and CIS countries.

Operating a multi-mission capable ground station enables optimized image collection results taking into account real-time weather information and giving customers the highest degree of flexibility.

With a reputation for expert and personalized customer service it has been providing tailored VHR imagery solutions to meet the diverse project requirements of its customers since 2002.





Design and Specifications

Orbit	Altitude: 617km Type: SunSync, 10:30 am descending Node Period: 97 minutes			
Life	Spec mission life: 7.25 years Estimated service life: 10- 12 years			
Spacecraft size, mass and power	Size: 5.7 m H x 2.5 m W, 7.1 m across deployed solar arrays Mass: 2800 kg Power: 3.1 kW solar array, 100 Ahr battery			
Sensor bands	Panochromatic: 450- 800 nm			
	8 Multispectral			
	Coastal: Blue: Green: Yellow:	400 - 450 nm 450 - 510 nm 510 - 580 nm 585 - 625 nm	Red: Red Edge: Near-IR1: Near-IR2:	630- 690 nm 705 - 745 nm 770 - 895 nm 860 - 1040 nm
	8 SWIR Bands			
	SWIR-1: SWIR-2: SWIR-3: SWIR-4:	1195 - 1225 nm 1550 - 1590 nm 1640 - 1680 nm 1710 - 1750 nm	SWIR-5: SWIR-6: SWIR-7: SWIR-8:	2145 - 2185 nm 2185 - 2225 nm 2235 - 2285 nm 2295 - 2365 nm
	12 CAVIS Bands			
	Aerosol-1: Green: Aerosol-2: Water-1: Water-2:	405 - 420 nm 459 - 509 nm 525 - 585 nm 635 - 685 nm 845 - 885 nm 897 - 927 nm	Water-3: NDVI-SWIR: Cirrus: Show: Aerosol-3: Aerosol-3:	930-965 nm 1220 - 1252 nm 1365 - 1405 nm 1620- 1680 nm 2105 - 2245 nm 2105 - 2245 nm
Sensor resolution	Panochromatic Nadir:0.31 m20° Off-Nadir:0.34 mMultispectural Nadir:1.24 m20° Off-Nadir:1.38 mSWIR Nadir:3.70 m20° Off-Nadir:4.10 mCAVIS Nadir:30.00 m			
Dynamic range	11-bits per pixel Pan and MS; 14-bits per pixel SWIR			
Swath width	At nadir: 13.1 km			
Attitude determination and control	Type: 3-axis stabilized Actuators: Control moment gyros (CMGs) Sensors: Star trackers, precision IRU, GPS			
Pointing accuracy and knowledge	Accuracy: <500 m at image start / stop Knowledge: Supports geolocation accuracy below			
Retargeting agility	Time to slew 200 km: 12 sec			
Onboard storage	2199 Gb solid state with EDAC			
Communications	Image and ancilliary data: 800 and 1200 Mbps X-band Housekeeping: 4, 16, 32 or 64 kbps real time, 524 kbps stored, X-band Command: 2 or 64 kbps S-band			
Max contiguous area col- lected in a single pass	Mono: 66.5 km x 112 km (5 strips) Stereo: 26.6 km x 112km (2 pairs)			
Revisit frequency	1 m GSD: <1.0 day 4.5 days at 20° off-nadir or less			
Geolocation accuracy	Predicted <3.5 m CE90 without ground control			
Capacity	680,000km2 per day			

Sensor Bands

Panchromatic

Multispectural

4 additional multispectral bands

Features

- Very high-resolution*
 - Panchromatic 31 cm
 - Visible and near-infrared 1.24 m
 - Short-wave infrared 3.7 m
 - CAVIS 30 m

*Will be resampled for commercial distribution

- The most spectral diversity commercially available
 - Panchromatic band
 - 4 standard VNIR colors: blue, green, red, near-IR1

- 4 added VNIR colors: coastal, yellow, red edge and near-IR2

- 8 SWIR bands: Penetrates haze, fog, smog, dust, and smoke

- 12 CAVIS bands: Maps clouds, ice and snow corrects for aerosol and water vapor

- Industry-leading geolocation accuracy
- High capacity in various collection modes
- Bi-directional scanning
- Rapid retargeting using Control Moment Gyros (>2x faster than any competitor)
- Direct Access tasking from and image transmission to customer sites
- Daily revisits

Benefits

- Large area mono and stereoscopic collection eliminates temporal variations
- New and enhanced applications
 - Mapping
 - Land classifications
 - Disaster preparedness / response
 - Soil / Vegetative Analysis
 - Geology: Oil and Gas, Mining
 - Environmental Monitoring
 - Bathymetry / Coastal applications
 - Identification of man-made materials
- Superior haze penetration



8 SWIR bands

12 CAVIS bands